Ontario Demographic Quarterly

Highlights of fourth quarter, 2019

Population growth
Ontario’s population reached 14,711,827 on January 1, 2020, with an increase of 52,211 people during the fourth quarter of 2019. This compares to an increase of 35,968 in the same quarter of the previous year.

Components of population growth, Q4 2019 and average for 2014-2018

- **Births and deaths**
  There were 36,422 births during the fourth quarter of 2019, an increase of 3.0% from the same quarter of 2018. The number of deaths increased by 3.1% to reach 28,791.
  
  Natural increase (births minus deaths) was 7,631 in the quarter, up slightly from 7,445 in the same quarter of 2018.

- **International migration**
  Immigration to Ontario was 32,792 in the fourth quarter of 2019, up from 31,170 in the same quarter of the previous year. Ontario received 42.5% of all immigrants to Canada in the quarter, down from 43.9% in the same quarter of 2018.
  
  Over the last 12 months, Ontario received 153,413 immigrants, up from 137,436 during the previous year.
  
  There were 6,262 emigrants from Ontario in the quarter, similar to the same quarter of the previous year. Ontario accounted for 43.1% of all emigration from Canada in the quarter.
  
  The number of non-permanent residents in Ontario (NPRs – i.e. foreign students, visa workers and refugee claimants) increased by 17,982 to 634,114 in the fourth quarter.

- **Interprovincial migration**
  In the fourth quarter of 2019, Ontario had a net inflow of 68 people from the rest of Canada compared to a net gain of 3,061 people in the same quarter of 2018. Ontario experienced net gains in its exchanges with seven of the 12 other provinces and territories. The largest gains came from Saskatchewan (679) and Manitoba (578). The largest losses were to British Columbia (-839) and Alberta (-683).
  
  Over the last 12 months, Ontario’s total net interprovincial migration gain was 4,760, compared to a net gain of 12,465 during the previous year.

- **Year-over-year growth**
  Over the last 12 months, Ontario’s population grew by 270,133 or 1.9%, higher than growth of 252,775 during the previous year. Among the provinces, Ontario had the second fastest population growth rate, after Prince Edward Island (2.0%). Canada’s population grew at a rate of 1.6% over the period.
# Ontario Demographic Factsheet

## Components of change (000s) – year beginning July 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Population, beginning of period</th>
<th>Total change</th>
<th>Natural increase</th>
<th>International migration</th>
<th>Net</th>
<th>Net</th>
<th>Net</th>
<th>Net</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Five-Year</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>2001–06</td>
<td>11,898</td>
<td>764</td>
<td>658</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>653</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>573</td>
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<tr>
<td>2006–11</td>
<td>12,662</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>697</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>558</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>511</td>
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<tr>
<td>2011–16</td>
<td>13,261</td>
<td>614</td>
<td>702</td>
<td>231</td>
<td>519</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>481</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Annual</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2016–17</td>
<td>13,875</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>145</td>
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<tr>
<td>2017–18</td>
<td>14,073</td>
<td>246</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>200</td>
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<tr>
<td>2018–19</td>
<td>14,319</td>
<td>248</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Statistics Canada’s population estimates based on the 2016 Census.
2. All projections are produced by the Ontario Ministry of Finance (Summer 2019), except those for Canada (and Ontario as % of Canada), which are from Statistics Canada.
3. Total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0–19 and 65+ to the population aged 20-64.
4. Total Fertility Rates and life expectancy estimates are for calendar year, and projections are for census year. Life expectancy estimates represent three-year averages (e.g., 2006 reported life expectancy corresponds to the average recorded over 2005-2007).
5. Households are Census data.
6. In the "Components of Change" table, flows are for the 12-month period July 1 to June 30. Net international migration is calculated as the net balance of immigrants, net emigrants and net non-permanent residents (NPRs). Components may not add up due to existence of residuals.

Note: All population figures are for July 1st.

Sources: Ontario Ministry of Finance and Statistics Canada.